

# AIA Minnesota

### The Minnesota Conference on Architecture

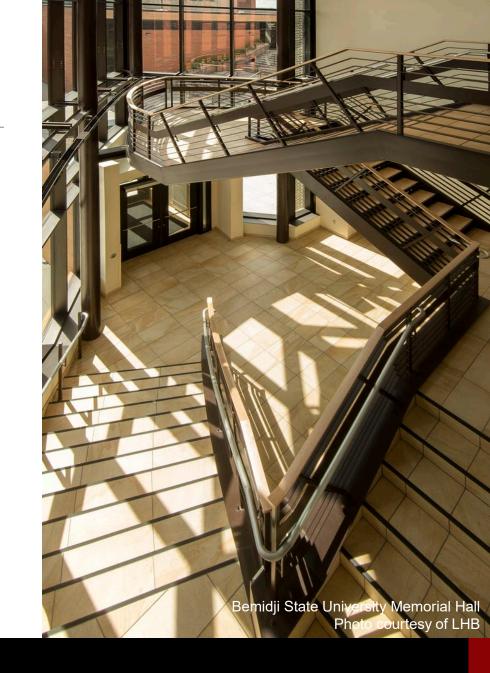
November 9-11, 2022 Minneapolis Convention Center

# DEMYSTIFYING B3 FOR SMALL PROJECTS

Becky Alexander, AIA – Senior Researcher, LHB Amber Sausen, AIA – Principal, Alliiance Patrick Smith – Senior Research Fellow, CSBR Jennifer Garman, AIA – Architect, Cuningham

### AGENDA

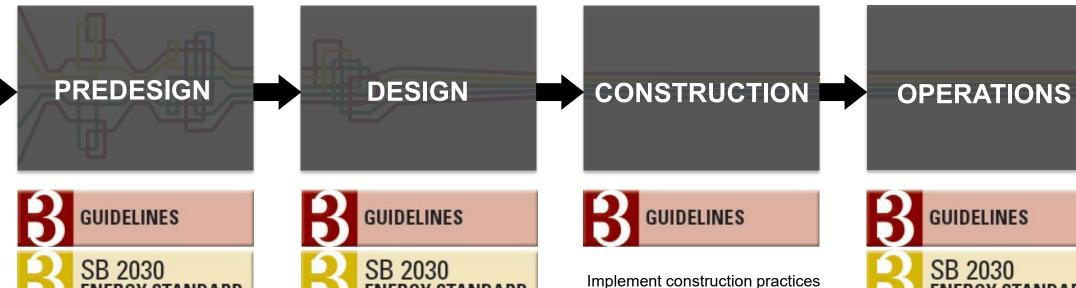
- 1. Overview of B3 and SB 2030
- 2. B3 Testimonial
- 3. Approaches for Small Projects
- 4. Case Study | Wakan Tipi Center
- 5. Panel discussion



**POLLING QUESTIONS** 

### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

- Understand the intent of the B3 Guidelines and SB 2030 Small Buildings Methods and when they can be used.
- 2. Explain how the updated B3 Guidelines Site and Water section fits alongside other small project thresholds within the B3 suite of programs and tools.
- 3. Describe the major changes incorporated in the B3 Guidelines Small Buildings Method compared to the full set of B3 Guidelines.
- 4. Provide guidance for project design teams to evaluate strategies for small projects and sites during project planning and design.



that meet performance

requirements.

Establish project-specific performance requirements.

ENERGY STANDARD

**ENERGY STANDARD** Refine project-specific

performance requirements.

Optimize use of resources to achieve performance requirements.

Evaluate success of design strategies through early and repeated modeling.

**ENERGY STANDARD** BENCHMARKING **ENERGY EFFICIENT OPERATIONS** POST-OCCUPANCY EVALUATION

Ensure project is meeting performance requirements.

#### **SB 2030 AND B3 NETWORK OF PROGRAMS**

### **B3 GUIDELINES**



PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT



SITE & WATER



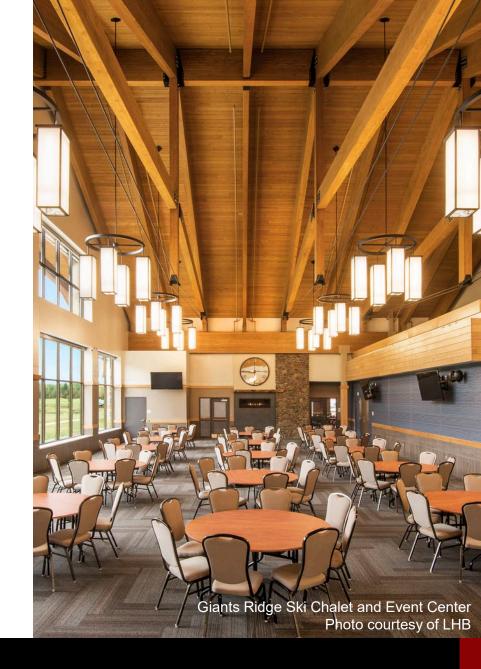
**ENERGY & ATMOSPHERE** 



**INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY** 



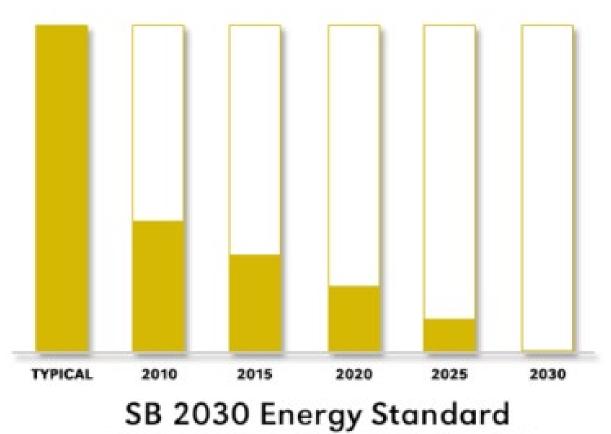
MATERIALS & WASTE



### SB 2030

SB 2030 is a progressive energy and carbon reduction program

- modeled on the Architecture
   2030 program
- customized to better fit Minnesota's buildings, climate, and policies
- expanded to allow the inclusion of more building types.



Building Energy Consumption from Carbon Producing Fuel

# **B3 FOR YOU AND ME**

Amber Sausen, AIA, LEED AP BD+C, WELL AP Alliiance

### **PRINCIPLES FOR RATING SYSTEMS**

#### SCIENCE-BASED

#### TRANSPARENT

Results and decisions must be reproducible by others using the same standard. Standards and process for awarding the certification should be transparent and open for examination.

#### OBJECTIVE

Certification body should be free of conflict.

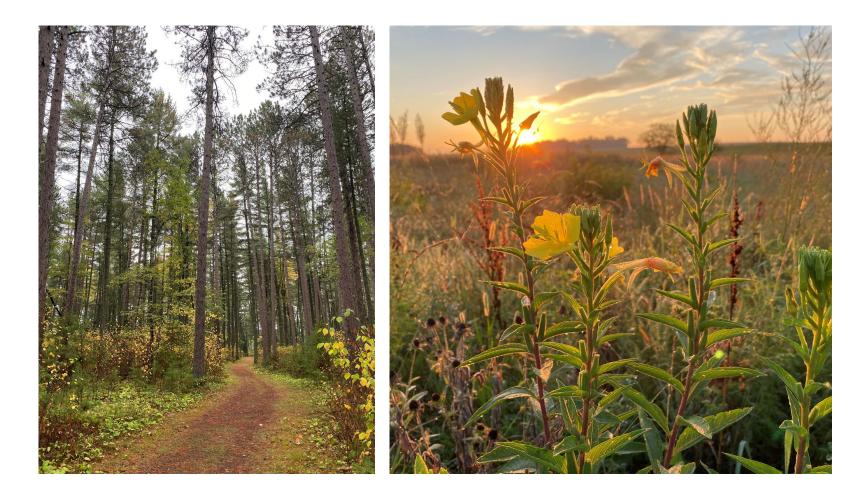
#### PROGRESSIVE

Standards should advance industry practices, not simply reward business as usual.

### **PRINCIPLES FOR RATING SYSTEMS**

#### REGIONAL

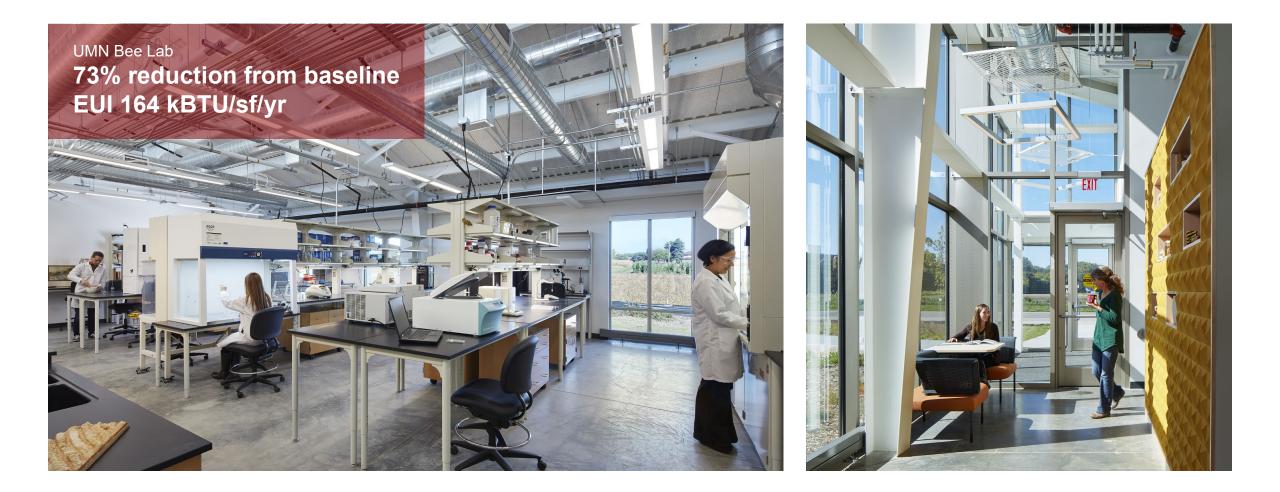
Addresses environmental priorities specific to the project site and ecological context





Home Projects About								
OCCUPANCY This project is not defined for occupancy. Click here to set an occupancy date	General Team Roles Actions Schedule Notes					De	esign Phase In Process	
Expand the grid to display: My Action Items								
	Guideline	Responsible Role	Person	Action	PD*	D	FD CO	
LEGEND		Р	hase Summa	ry Reports:		0%		
Action Item		_	_		PD*	D	FD CO	
Completed Variance Not applicable Current Phase Required * Actual Phase	P.0. Performance Management Information				💼 Re	ead th	e Guideline	
	POA. Performance Management Strategies Used	Guideline Leader	Amber Sausen	Required				
	P0B. Building Occupancy	Architectural Leader	Amber Sausen	Required				
	POC. Project Budget	Guideline Leader	Amber Sausen	Required	<b>~</b>			
	POD. Building information	Architectural Leader	Amber Sausen	Required	<b>~</b>			
	P0E. Schedule	Guideline Leader	Amber Sausen	Required	~			
	POF. Project Image	Guideline Leader	Amber Sausen	Required				
	P.1. Design and construction process					💼 Read the Guideline		
	P1A. Develop owner's project requirements document	Agency Contact	Mandi Bailey	Required	<b>~</b>			

### **GOOD FOR PEOPLE**



### **GOOD FOR PEOPLE**

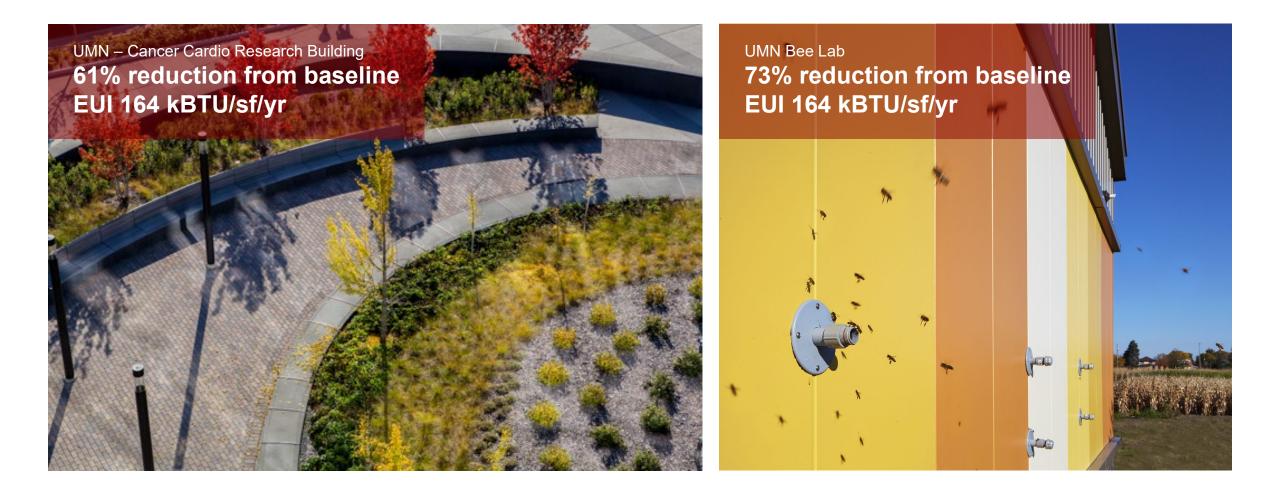




### **GOOD FOR NON-PEOPLE**



### **GOOD FOR NON-PEOPLE**



### **GOOD FOR OPERATIONS**



### **ASPIRATIONAL**

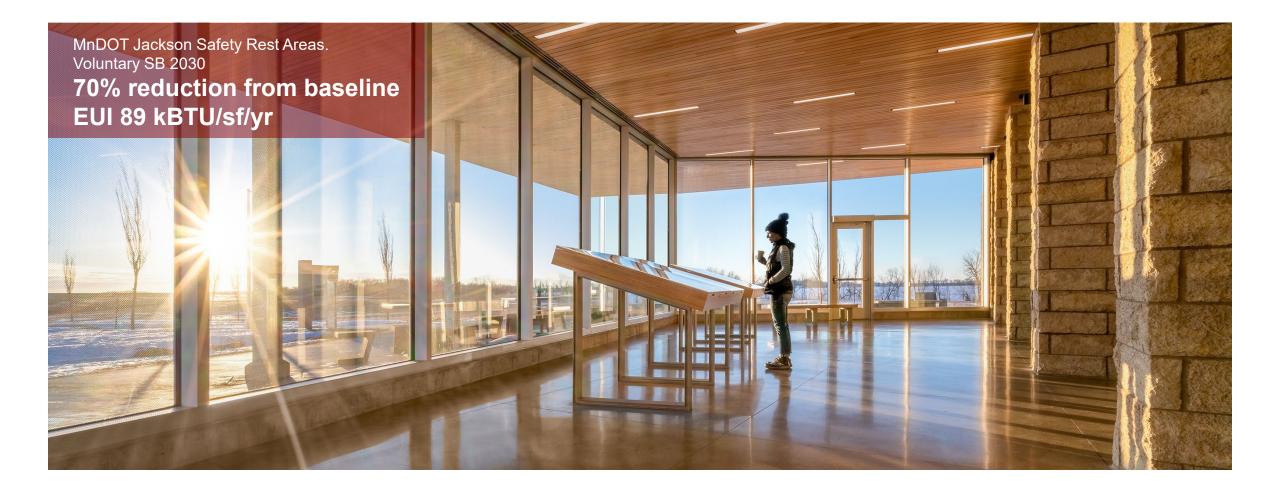


### ACCESSIBLE

B3 Assistance msbghelp@umn.edu



### **SMALL IS BEAUTIFUL**



## **B3 & SB 2030 SMALL BUILDINGS METHODS**

Pat Smith – Senior Research Fellow, CSBR

### OUTLINE

- 1. Introduction to approaches for small projects
  - Purpose
  - Timeline
  - Applicability
- 2. B3 Guidelines Small Buildings Method and small sites updates
- 3. SB 2030 Small Buildings Method



### WHY A DIFFERENT APPROACH?

Small project characteristics:

- Lower budgets
- Smaller project teams
- Faster design and construction schedule
- Scale of impact





### TIMELINE

#### SB 2030 SMALL BUILDINGS METHOD

- Addresses energy efficiency and renewables
- Developed in 2011, most recently updated in 2020

#### **B3 GUIDELINES SMALL SITES APPROACH**

- Addresses site and water
- Size-specific approach implemented in 2019 within v3.1, updates planned for Early 2023 as v3.2r02

#### **B3 GUIDELINES SMALL BUILDINGS METHOD**

- Addresses performance management, bird safety, energy and atmosphere, indoor environmental quality, and materials and waste
- Implemented May 2021 v3.2r01

### APPLICABILITY

#### **SMALL BUILDINGS**

- Applies to buildings  $\leq$  20,000 gross conditioned sf
- Size threshold generally aligns with EDA programs and ASHRAE small building design guides
- There are nuances for the size threshold for the B3 Guidelines versus SB 2030

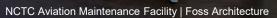


### SMALL BUILDINGS METHODS APPLICABILITY

	Regularly occupied	Not regularly occupied	Not regularly occupied and primarily inactive storage/industrial process		
Conditioned space	Include	Include	Include for SB 2030, potentially exclude for B3*		
Indirectly conditioned	Include	Include for SB 2030, potentially exclude for B3*	Include for SB 2030, potentially exclude for B3*		
Semiheated space	Semiheated space Include Include for SB 2030, potentially exclude for B3*		Include for SB 2030, potentially exclude for B3*		
Unconditioned space	Do not include	Do not include	Do not include		

\*Spaces noted as "potentially excluded" must be approved by the B3 Guidelines Administrators.













#### **SMALL BUILDINGS**

### APPLICABILITY

### **SMALL SITES**

- Based on land disturbance (sf) and cut and fill (cy)
- Exclude ADA improvements and utility connections

	Includes Building Footprint	Excludes Building Footprint
≤5,000 sf ≤50 cy	Stormwater (S.2)	Soils (S.3)
≤1,000sf ≤10 cy		All others



# **B3 & SB 2030 SMALL BUILDINGS METHODS**

**B3 Guidelines** 



### **GOALS FOR SMALL PROJECTS**

#### Goals:

- Significantly decrease cost and administration for small projects
- Prioritize topics with a high impact-to-burden ratio
- Retain as many environmental and health benefits as possible

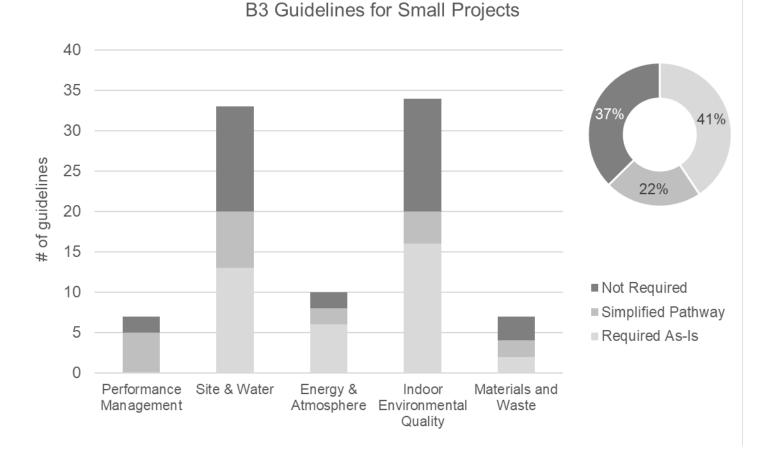
#### **Rubric for evaluating requirements:**

- Does it result in meaningful changes to design and construction compared to business as usual?
- How much effort is required for compliance?
- How expensive is it to achieve compliance?
- Is it appropriate for small projects?

### **ADJUSTMENTS FOR SMALL PROJECTS**

#### CHANGES

- 1. Required as-is
- 2. Simplified pathway
- 3. Not required



#### **PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT**

- Owner's project requirements (OPR), basis of design (BOD), and safety risk assessment
- Commissioning for HVAC systems and lighting controls
- Indoor air quality (IAQ) management plan for construction, IAQ test post-occupancy
- Post-occupancy evaluation (if more than 25 occupants)



#### SITE & WATER

- Site and water connections for humans, plants, and animals\*
- 50% reduction in building water use
- Vegetation no critical sites, tree conditions, vegetation requirements, pollinator support, biomass target, site albedo minimum\*
- Animal habitat support\* and bird safety

\* For sites with 1,000-5,000sf of land disturbance or 10-50cy of cut and fill. Sites below these thresholds are not required to meet this guideline.





#### **ENERGY & ATMOSPHERE**

- Meet SB 2030 Energy & Carbon Standards
- Document energy consumption by energy type
- On-site renewables (≥2% of energy use)
- Renewable energy-ready roof or site
- Energy Star equipment & appliances
- Refrigerant selection and leakage detection for large equipment
- Electric vehicle infrastructure

#### **INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY**

- Green certifications for top 5 interior materials
- VOC limits and chemical restrictions for wet applied materials
- Bulk water management and moisture-safe construction (blower door test/building enclosure consultant)
- Ventilation rates, filtration, outdoor air intake separation
- Soil gas control (e.g. radon)
- Passive thermal comfort (window properties and shading) and occupant controls for thermal comfort



#### INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (CONTINUED)

- Window-to-wall ratio of at least 35% (or use daylight modeling to achieve daylight level targets), plus glare control devices
- Acoustic requirements, especially for classrooms and other learning spaces
- Access to vision glazing
- Adjustable workstations and chairs
- Universal design principles (equitable and flexible use)
- Quiet use/lactation room





### **REQUIRED FOR SMALL PROJECTS**

#### MATERIALS AND WASTE

- Embodied carbon reduction
- Salvaged, recycled, bio-based, regional, and/or responsibly-sourced materials for top 5 materials
- Construction waste reduction
- Mercury limits in compact fluorescent lamps

### **ADJUSTMENTS FOR SMALL PROJECTS**

#### **Performance Management:**

- Commissioning scaled back to HVAC and lighting systems
- No energy efficiency operations manual required

#### Site and Water:

- Most site and water guidelines not required for sites ≤1,000sf
- No stormwater requirements for sites ≤ 5,000sf
- No soil requirements for sites  $\leq$  5,000sf
- No water feature required for sites ≤ 1 acre
- Bird safety guidelines calculation simplified for buildings without see-through conditions



### **ADJUSTMENTS FOR SMALL PROJECTS**

#### **Energy and Atmosphere:**

- Prescriptive option for SB 2030, no energy modeling required
- No submetering requirements beyond code—apart from separately metering the project from larger campus

#### **Indoor Environmental Quality**

- Green certifications only required for the top 5 interior materials
- No enclosure moisture analysis (e.g. WUFI, Glaser)
- No IES light level thresholds and contrast ratio calculations
- Daylight simulations can be replaced by WWR requirements
- Acoustic calculations significantly simplified



### **ADJUSTMENTS FOR SMALL PROJECTS**

#### **Materials and Waste Guidelines**

- No whole building LCA model
- No EPDs or product chemical inventories
- Environmentally preferable materials tracking only required for top 5 materials
- No material conservation and waste management plan



# **B3 & SB 2030 SMALL BUILDINGS METHODS**

SB 2030 Energy Standard



### **SB 2030 SMALL BUILDINGS METHOD**

#### Goals:

- Decrease cost and administration for small projects
- Provide projects with prescriptive options
- Establish minimum efficiency and renewable energy requirements more quickly

SB 2030

REVIEW

PREDESIGN

DESIGN

CONSTRUCTION

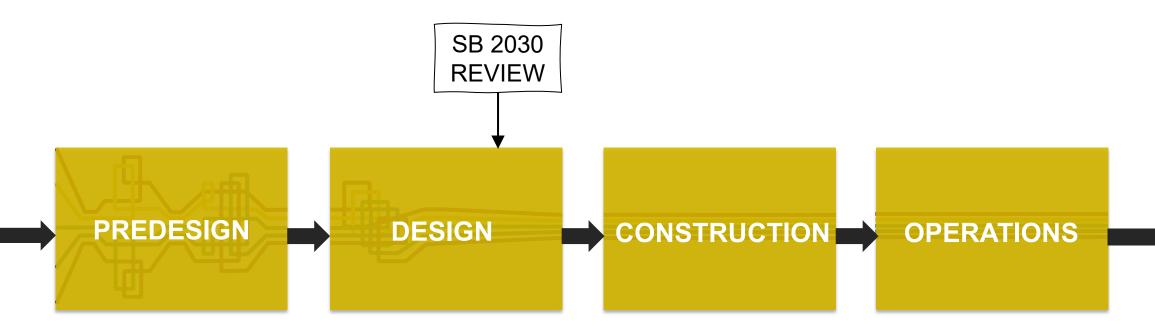
OPERATIONS

Calculate the SB 2030 Standard.

Establish appropriate project budget.

Integrate energy efficiency and renewable energy strategies.

Conduct energy modeling to ensure project meets the Standard. Implement construction practices that meet performance requirements. Track and report annual energy use through B3 Benchmarking



Calculate the SB 2030 Standard.

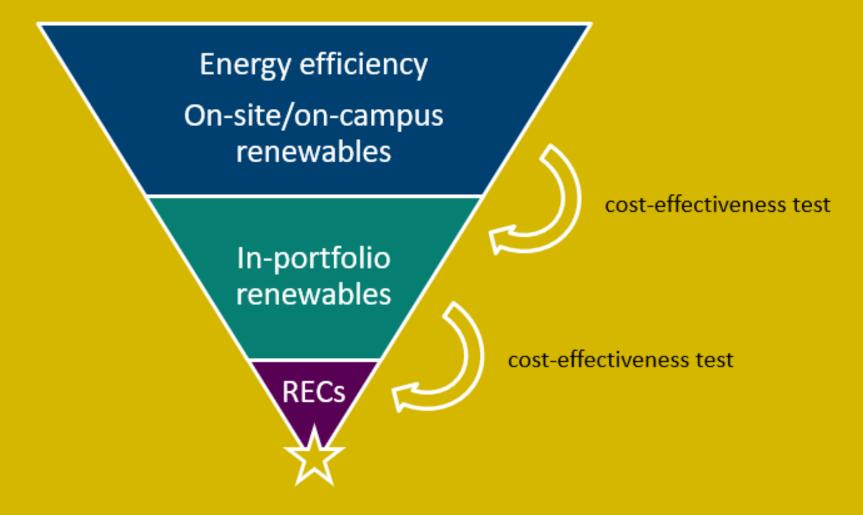
Establish appropriate project budget.

Meet an approved building performance standard and include mandatory efficiency requirements.

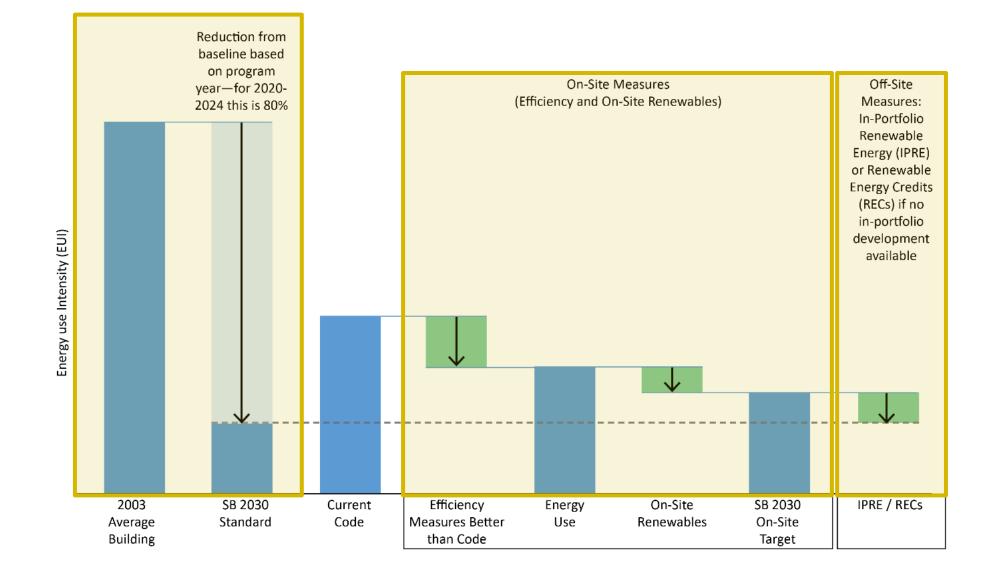
Estimate energy use.

Incorporate renewables to meet SB 2030 Standard. Implement construction practices that meet performance requirements. Track and report annual energy use through B3 Benchmarking

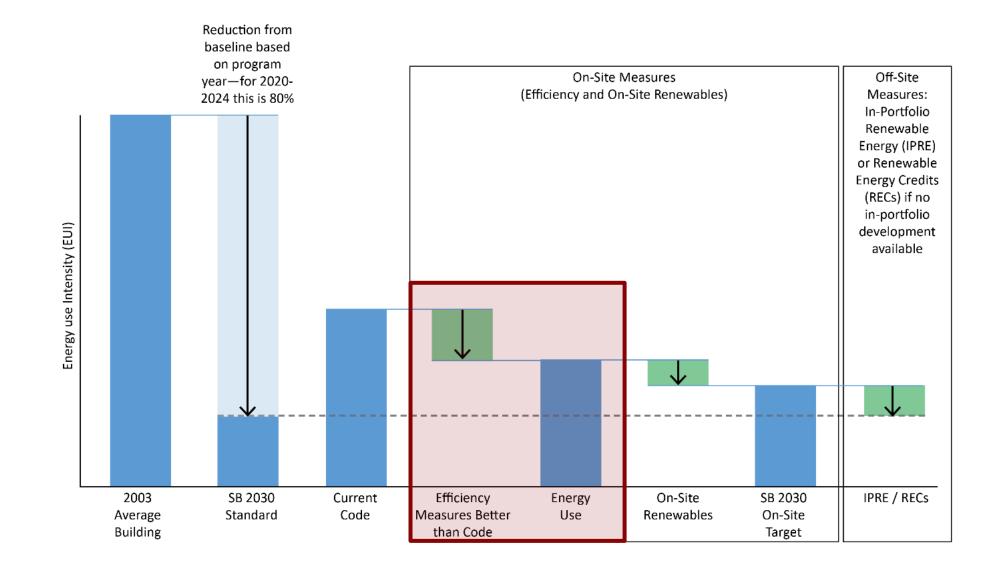
#### SB 2030 PROCESS – SMALL BUILDINGS METHOD







**MEETING SB 2030** 



**MEETING SB 2030** 

## **BUILDING PERFORMANCE STANDARDS**

#### COMMERCIAL

- ASHRAE 90.1-2019 prescriptive path
- New Buildings Institute 40% Stretch Energy Standard: Path B Stretch Prescriptive Measures + ASHRAE 90.1-2019
- International Green Construction Code (IgCC) + ASHRAE 90.1 2019
- ASHRAE Advanced Energy Design Guides – Achieving Zero Energy Ready Series

### RESIDENTIAL

- Department of Energy Zero Energy Ready Homes Certification (DOE ZERH)
- Passive House Certification (either PHIUS or PHI)



## **MANDATORY EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS**

#### **ENERGY STAR APPLICABLE EQUIPMENT**

Energy Star rated equipment for all relevant equipment types. This includes, but is not limited to the following:

- Appliances that have Energy Star product categories
- Computers
- Other office equipment
- Light fixtures
- Light bulbs
- Small HVAC equipment
- Televisions

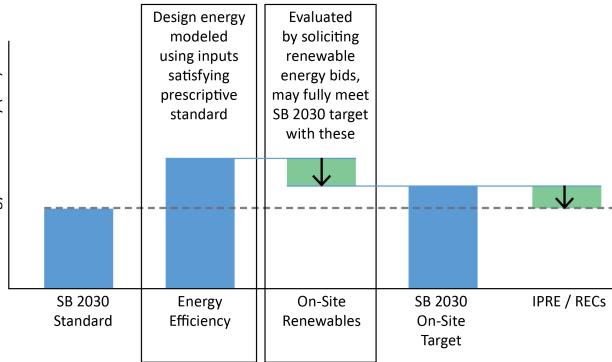
#### WATER FIXTURES

The following types of plumbing fixtures must have design flow rates specified and installed at or below the flow rates listed below.

- Lavatory faucets  $\leq$  1.75 gallons per minutes
- Kitchen faucets  $\leq 2.0$  gallons per minute
- Showerheads ≤ 1.8 gallons per minute
   More stringent standards may be needed to meet the
   B3 Guidelines requirement for water efficiency.

### **ESTIMATE ENERGY USE**

#### **OPTION 1 – ENERGY SIMULATION**

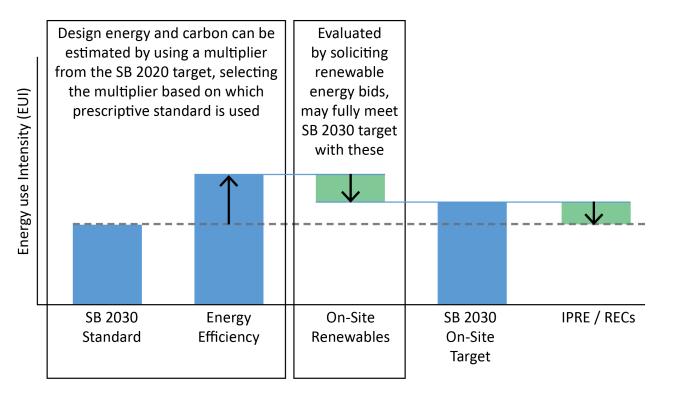


Use an energy model to simulate predicted energy use, which accounts for where the project exceeds minimum prescriptive requirements.

Energy use Intensity (EUI)

### **ESTIMATE ENERGY USE**

#### **OPTION 2 – PERFORMANCE MULTIPLIER**



Apply a preset multiplier to the SB 2030 Energy Standard based on the building performance standard used.

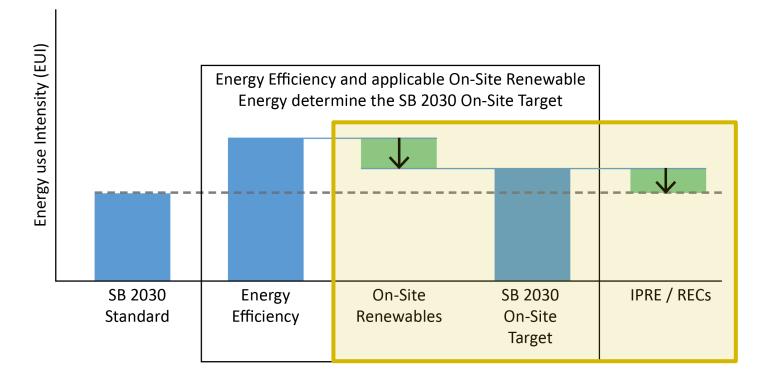
### **PERFORMANCE MULTIPLIERS**

Building Type	NBI 40%	ASHRAE 90.1	IgCC	AEDG
Office	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.3
Hotel	1.7	1.8	1.8	
Warehouse	2.4	3.3	3.0	
Secondary School	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.6
Primary School	1.2	1.3	1.2	0.6

### **RENEWABLE ENERGY IMPLEMENTATION**

The remaining energy needed

to meet the SB 2030 Standard must be met through renewable energy.



### **ADDITIONAL RESOURCES (B3MN.ORG)**

An Introduction to the B3 Guidelines Small Building Method

March 18, 2021

Bolf Jacobson, CSB

Partimith, CARR

An Introduction to the B3 Guidelines Small Building Method

**ENERGY STANDARD** An Introduction to the SB 2030 Small Building Method Di Sul, Building Energy Analysis Engineer, Center for Energy and the Put Smith, Senior Research Fellow, Center for Sustainable Building Research, UMN 6/8/2021 B SB 2030 An Introduction to the SB 2030 Small Buildings Method

SB 2030

B GUIDELINES B3 Guidelines Site and Water Updates Including Small and **Constrained Sites** Part Swith, Serier Research Fellow, Center for Sustainable Building Research, UM 5/74/2022 B Site and Water Updates Including Small and Constrained Sites

odated March 22, 2021	
No changes for small buildings Simplified path or documentation for small buildings	Ž
Not required for small buildings	Σ
nergy & Atmosphere Guidelines	
1 Energy Efficiency	
E.1A - Meet SB 2030 Energy & Carbon target	Use the S8 2030 Small Building Method (updated for 80% reduction) in lieu of energy modeling. No change
E.18 - Document energy consumption by energy type E.1C - Submetering and load disaggregation	No change Not required for small buildings
2 Renewable Energy	
E2A - supply 2% of project's total energy consumption with renewables	Levelized Cost of Energy (LCOE) calculator (predesign phase) updated with adjusted costs for small installations
E.2B - Renewable Energy-Ready Roof or Site	For small buildings, solar-ready sites can be pursued rather than solar-ready roofs
Efficient Equipment and Appliances     E3A - Equipment & appliances meet Energy Star criteria	No change
E.3B - Process load equipment efficiency (FEMP)	Not required for small buildings
4 Atmospheric Protection E.4A - Refrigerant selection using EPA SNAP guidelines	No change, though likely limited applicability based on equipment size cutoffs in guideline
E.4B - Refrigerant leakage (automatic leak detection devices, inspections, etc)	No change, though likely limited applicability based on equipment size cutoffs in guideline No change, though likely limited applicability based on equipment size cutoffs in guideline
5 EV Ready E.SA - Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE) infrastructure (conduit)	No change, guideline based on number of long-term parking spots provided
ESA - Electric Venicle Supply Equipment (EVSE) infrastructure (conduit)	no snerge, governe vaseo on nomber or long-term parking spots provideo
Low-Emitting Materials	
1.1A - Interior Materials (green certifications) 1.1B - Wet Applied Materials (VOC limits and chemical restrictions)	Only required for top 5 interior materials by surface area for small buildings No change
1.16 - Wet Applied Materials (VOC limits and chemical restrictions) 1.1C - Composite Wood Products (formaldehyde restrictions)	Not required for small buildings
I.1D - New furniture and furnishings (green certifications for VOC limits)	Not required for small buildings
Moisture and Water Control	No change
1.28 - Moisture-safe design (Qualitative & Quantitative moisture analysis)	Not required for small buildings, but strongly recommended for projects incorporating high R-value
I.2C - Moisture safe construction (blower door test/building enclosure consultant)	assemblies (above code) No chanee
Ventilation	NO Change
L3A - Outdoor air ventilation rate minimums per ASHRAE 62.1 or 62.2	No change
1.38 - Ventilation rate monitoring or yearly measurement I.3C - Ventilation requirements for printer/copier & chemical storage rooms	Not required for small buildings Not required for small buildings
1.3D - Minimum filtration requirements	No modifications for small buildings. Revised requirement for recirculated air from MERV 8 to MERC 11 for
1.3E - Permanent entryway dust/dirt control systems	all projects. Not required for small buildings
1.3F - Outdoor air intake minimum separation distances	No change
1.3G - ANSI CC-1000 Soil Gas Control Systems and radon testing	No change
Thermal Comfort     (A4 - Passive thermal comfort (window properties and shading)	No change
L48 - Active thermal comfort	ASHRAE 55 compliance documentation not required for small buildings. Commissioning and occupant
Lighting and Davlighting	control requirements retained.
I.SA - Meet IES lighting level and contrast guidelines	Not required for small buildings
1.58 - Bulbs provide CRI >/= 80 and RoHS compliant 1.5C - Daylighting levels	Not required for small buildings Daylight modeling may be replaced with an average 40% window-to-wall ratio (plus a minimum glazing
rac - parallering seven	visible transmittance of 0.65) for regularly occupied spaces at the building perimeter. This is combined wi
	1.7B to ensure that most regularly occupied spaces are at the perimeter and receive adequate daylight. Requirement for controllable glare control devices is retained.
5 Effective Acoustics	requirement for controllable gaine control devices is recarried.
1.6A - ANSI Design Requirements for classrooms and other learning spaces	No change for educational facilities, clarification that this is intended to also apply to higher education
1.68 - Exterior source noise control (OITC ratings/background noise levels) 1.6C - Internal source noise control (mech. noise, STC/IIC ratings, reverb time)	Not required for small buildings Only need to meet STC, IIC and prescriptive area-weighted noise reduction requirement (NRC)
1.6D - Audio induction loops in gathering spaces	Only need to meet STC, it, and prescriptive area-weighted noise reduction requirement (NNC.) No change
L6E - Sound masking for spaces requiring additional sound privacy View Space and Window Access	No change
1.7A - Focal relief	Not required for small buildings
1.78 - Access to vision glazing in 75% of regularly occupied spaces	No change
Ergonomics and Physical Activity LBA - Adjustable height workstations for 25%	No change, only applicable if furniture is part of the project scope
1.88 - Fully Adjustable chairs for all workstation seating	No change, only applicable if furniture is part of the project scope
LBC - Bike storage LBD - Easily visible and accessible staircase within sight of main entrance	Not required for small buildings Not required for small buildings
Wayfinding and Universal Access	
1.9A - Lighted exterior signs for parking and building entrances 1.98 - Lighted interior signs and route design for visitors	Not required for small buildings
	Not required for small buildings

### **B3 CASE STUDIES DATABASE**

Name	City	Building Type(s)	Construction Type	► Building Area (sf)	Design Submission Status	Design Compliance	Occupancy Date	Architect
Minnesota Zoo Crossroads Park – Carousel/Play Area	Apple Valley	Recreation Center, Nature Center	New Construction	3,736	*	*	7/15/2015	U + B architecture & design, inc.
St. Paul Rolling Hills Apartments - Community Building	Saint Paul	Community Center	New Construction	3,963	~	?	12/1/2013	Cermak Rhoades Architects
Max Carter Commons	Faribault	Housing	New Construction	4,086	~	~	4/1/2011	ISG
Como Park Aquatic Center	Saint Paul	Recreation Center, Athletic Facility	New Construction	5,431	*	?	5/1/2012	292 Design Group
Lake Waconia Regional Park Waterfront Service Center	Waconia	Classroom, Park/Campground Building	New Construction	6,056	*	*		HGA

www.casestudies.b3mn.org

# WAKAN TIPI CENTER

Jennifer Garman, AIA, LFA Cuningham





### **PROJECT INFORMATION**

#### LOCATION

Saint Paul, MN

#### **B3 ELIGIBILITY**

\$3M appropriation from the State of MN

(2018)

#### BUDGET

\$7.8M for Phase 1

#### PROGRAM

9,500 sf cultural center sharing the Dakota history, language and values near the sacred site of the Wakan Tipi Cave

#### TIMELINE

Predesign – Dec 2019

Design – Feb 2021

Final Design – April 2022

Construction – April 2023

### **PROJECT INFORMATION**

#### **OWNER AGENCY**

Lower Phalen Creek Project

City of St. Paul Parks + Recreation

#### TEAM

#### Architect

- Full Circle Indigenous Planning
- Cuningham

Landscape Architect - City of Saint Paul

MEP Engineer - Salas Obrien

**Civil Engineer** – BKBM Engineers

**Structural Engineer** – Reigstad Engineers

**Enclosure Consultant** – Intertek

Acoustics Consultant – Kverstoen, Ronnholm & Associates

Soil Consultant – Landmark Environmental

**Construction Manager** – Loeffler

HVAC Commissioning Agent – Efficiency Commissioning LLC

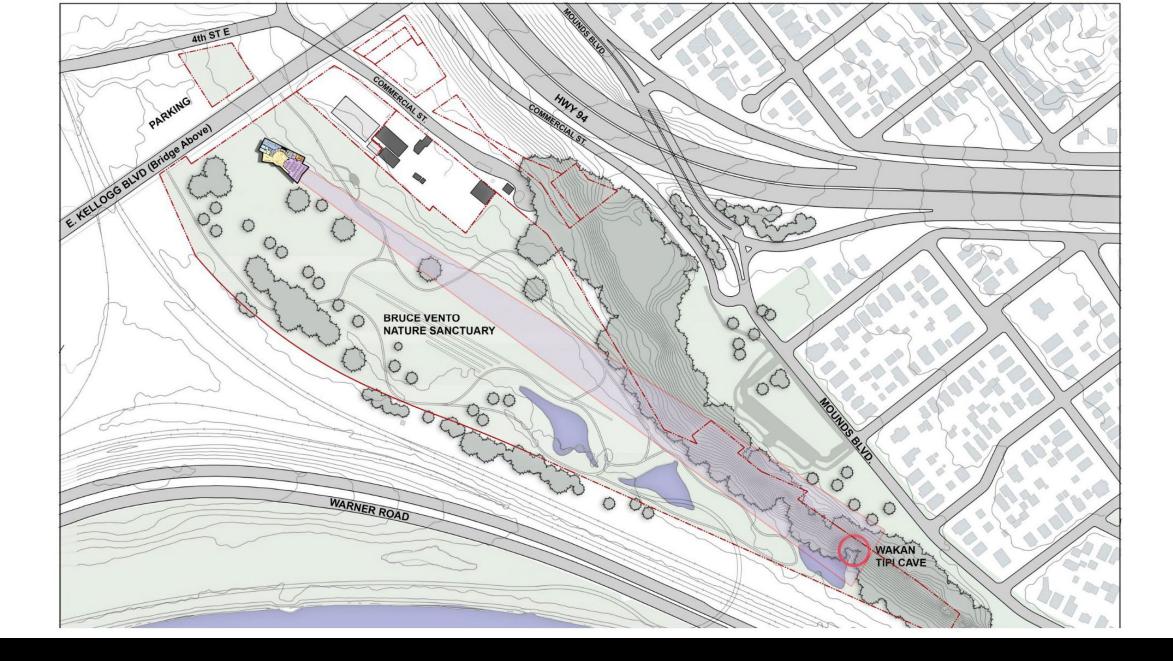


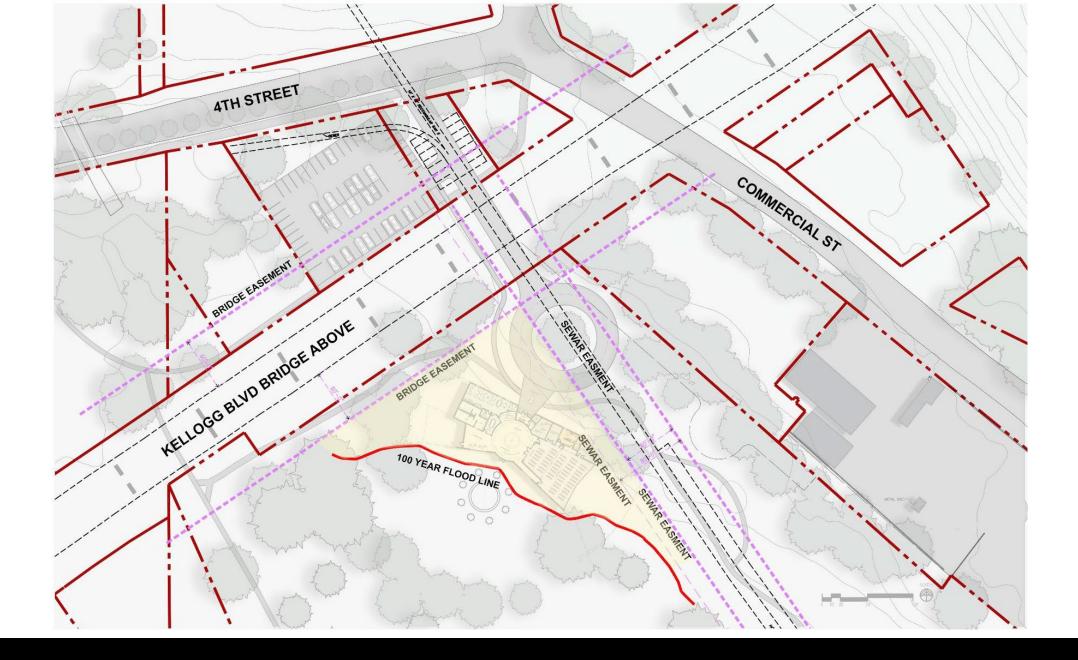




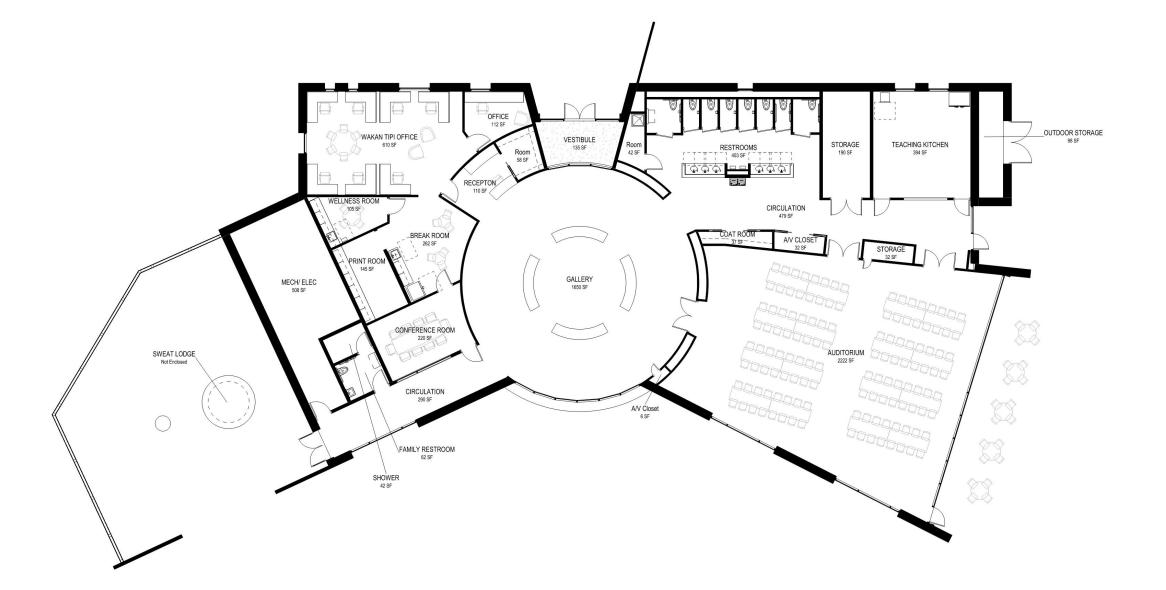


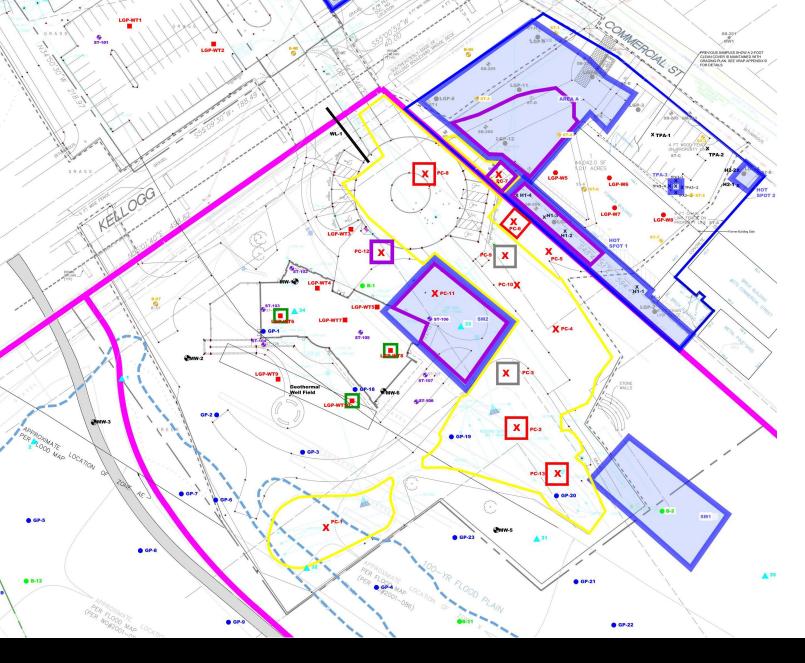










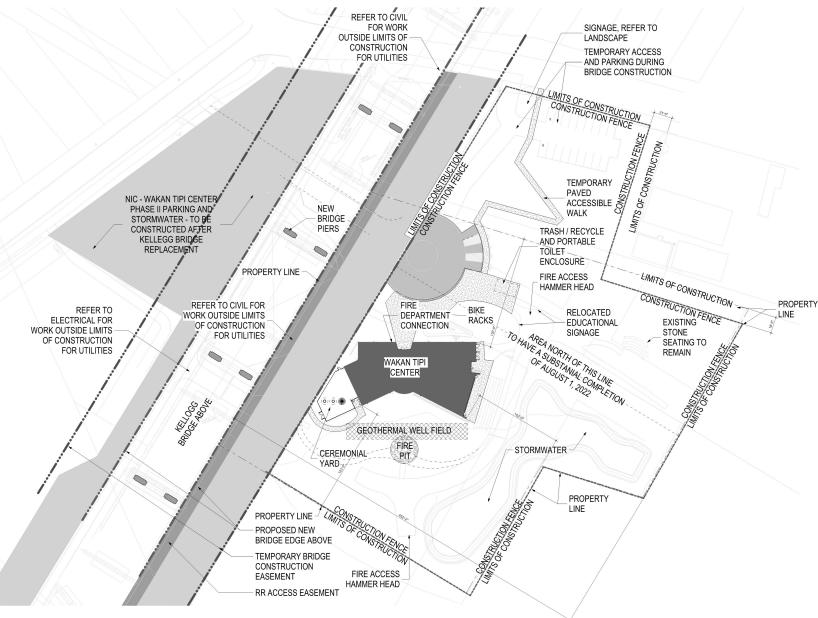


#### SOIL

- Railroad industry contaminated soils
  - lead, mercury, arsenic, petroleum, and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) as well as construction fill materials (ie. brick, concrete, coal fines, etc)
- Contaminated soil must be removed and clean fill added



#### SITE + WATER



#### WATER

- Groundwater at about 4 to 10' deep is contaminated with petroleum, PAHs, and petroleum volatile organic compounds (PVOCs)
  - No infiltration
- Infiltration basin planted with native species
- Drought-resistant native plantings

#### SITE + WATER

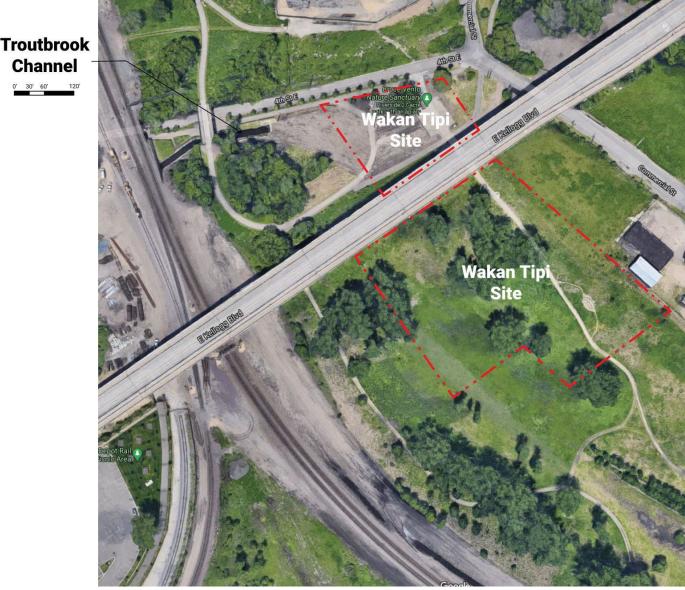


Channel

30' 60' 120



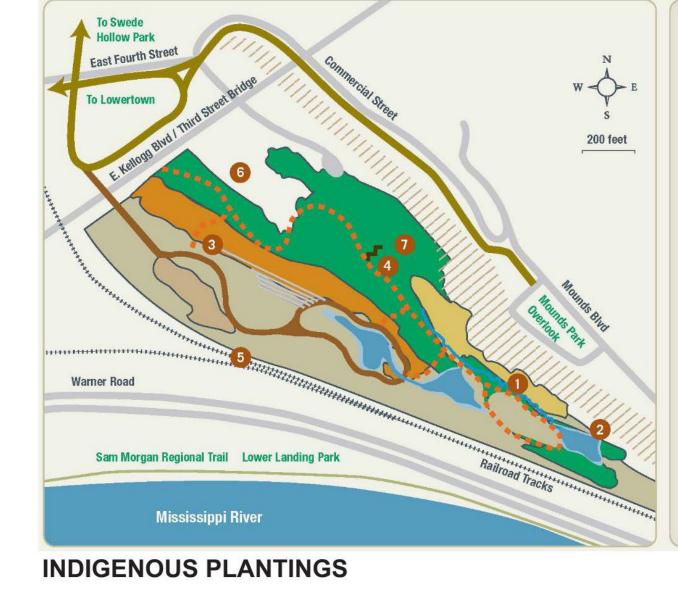




#### HABITAT

- Critical bird habitat site
  - Birdsafe glazing
- Located within 3 miles of rare | ٠ endangered species
- Culturally significant plantings to Dakota community
  - Support pollinator habitat
  - Native dry and mesic prairie plantings
- Fell tree materials distributed onsite to support habitat
- Infiltration basin
- Water Feature (S5H)
  - Not required for sites within 500' of existing stream at least 10' wide

#### SITE + WATER



**SITE + WATER** 



#### Walking path\* . Bicycle trail loop **Bruce Vento Regional Trail link to**

Swede Hollow Park, Mounds Park and Lowertown neighborhood

Stairs to lower bluff

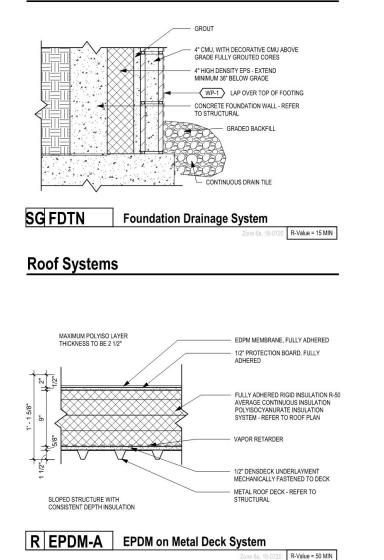
\* Bicycles are not allowed on walking paths.



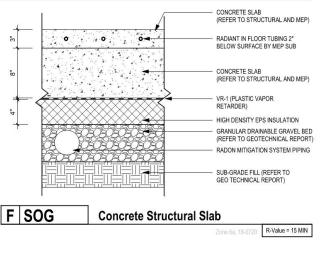
#### **CULTURALLY IMPORTANT PLANTINGS**

#### Sub Grade Systems

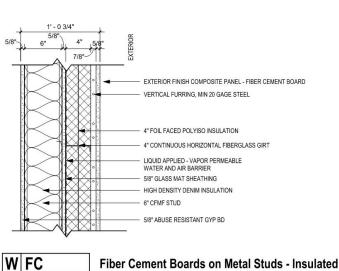
**ENERGY** 



#### Floor Systems



#### Wall Systems



Zone 6a, 18-0720 R-Value = 30 MIN

#### **NET ZERO DESIGN**

- EUI: 27 kBtu/sf/yr
- Geo-exchange field
- Energy Recovery
- High-performing envelope
  - R-40 exterior walls
  - R-50 roof
  - Infiltration: 0.05 cfm/sf
- 60 kW solar array



Carbon Emissions: 14 lb CO2/sf/yr

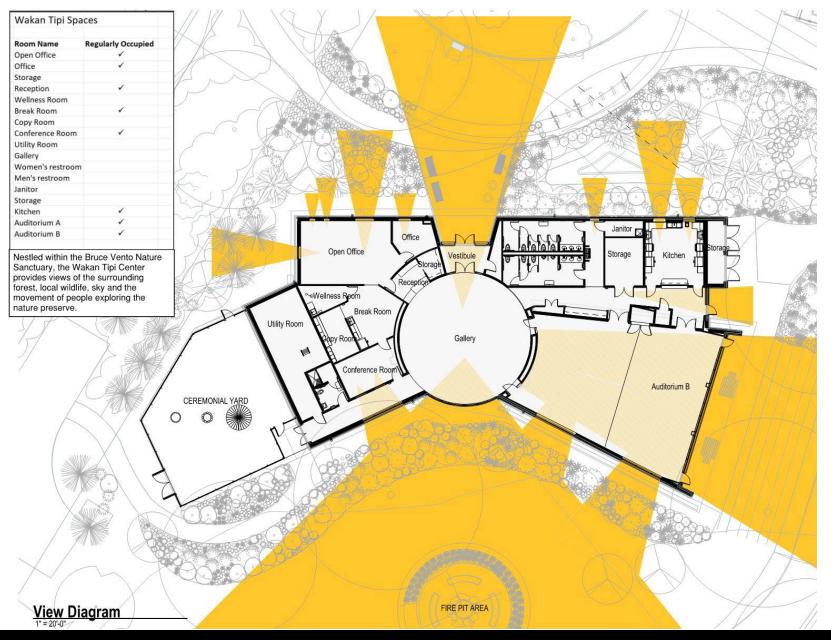
#### CONCRETE

- Reduced embodied carbon and water
- In-situ CO<sub>2</sub> mineralization
- 40% Fly Ash content in footings and foundations; 25% maximum Fly Ash content in slab on grade
- Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace
   Slag
- Recycled aggregate at concealed concrete (footings and foundations)
- Recycled / reclaimed water
- Water-reducing admixtures

#### FOUNDATION INSULATION

High density EPS instead of XPS for carbon reduction





#### DAYLIGHT + VIEWS

 All regularly occupied spaces have daylight and views

#### **HEALTHY INTERIORS**

- Low-emitting materials
- Radon mitigation system

#### ACOUSTIC COMFORT

- STC55 +
- Interior partitions extend to deck
- Gathering spaces meet ANSI S12:60 for max. background noise and reverberation times

### INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

### TODAY

#### UPDATE

Project is being redesigne to meet current market cost and site conditions

Design team reducing building footprint and massing to realign with budget.

#### TIMELINE

Final Design – March 2023

Construction Complete – Dec 2023

#### PROGRAM

9,500 sf 7,200 sf cultural center

Kitchen now fully electric (meaning entire building electrification!)

Simplify geometry and wall systems

Further reduce soil export and clean fill

# DISCUSSION

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